

GPS Module

Datasheet

Name: Ultra High Sensitivity and Low Power GPS Receiver Module

Model No.: SKG12B

Revision: V2.02

Revision History:

| Revision | Description | Approved | Date |
|----------|----------------------------------|----------|----------|
| V1.01 | Initial release to V1.01 | Woody | 20120708 |
| V2.01 | Update office's address | George | 20131119 |
| V2.02 | Update certification information | George | 20170831 |
| | | | |
| | | | |

General Description

The SKG12B is a complete GPS engine module that features super sensitivity, ultra low power and small form factor. The GPS signal is applied to the antenna input of module, and a complete serial data message with position, velocity and time information is presented at the serial interface with NMEA protocol or custom protocol.

It is based on the high performance features of the MediaTek MT3337 single-chip architecture, Its -162dBm tracking sensitivity extends positioning coverage into place like urban canyons and dense foliage environment where the GPS was not possible before. The small form factor and low power consumption make the module easy to integrate into portable device like PNDs, mobile phones, cameras and vehicle navigation systems.

Applications

- LBS (Location Based Service)
- PND (Portable Navigation Device)
- Vehicle navigation system
- Mobile phone



Figure 1: SKG12B Top View

Features

- Ultra high sensitivity: -162dBm
- Extremely fast TTFF at low signal level
- Built-in 12 multi-tone active interference canceller
- Ultra low power consumption
- ±10ns high accuracy time pulse (1PPS)
- NMEA Output: GGA,GSA,GSV,RMC
- Advanced Features: AlwaysLocate; AIC
- QZSS、SBAS (WAAS, EGNOS, MSAS, GAGAN)
- UART interface: 4800/9600/38400/115200 bps
- Small form factor: 16.0 x 12.2 x 2.4mm
- FCC compliance
- RoHS compliance (Lead-free)
- CE certificated

Pin Assignment

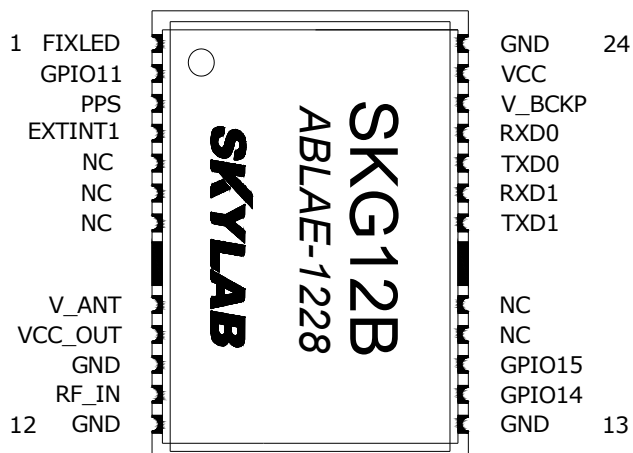


Figure 2: SKG12B Pin Package

Pin Description

| Pin No. | Pin name | I/O | Description | Remark |
|---------|----------|-----|--|--|
| 1 | FIXLED | O | Fixed LED Output | Leave open if not used |
| 2 | GPIO11 | I/O | General Purpose I/O | Leave open if not used |
| 3 | PPS | O | Time Pulse Signal (Default 100ms) | Leave open if not used |
| 4 | EXTINT1 | I | External Interrupt | Leave open if not used |
| 5 | NC | | | |
| 6 | NC | | | |
| 7 | NC | | | |
| 8 | V_ANT | I | Active Antenna External Voltage Supply | Leave open if not used |
| 9 | VCC_OUT | O | VCC power output | Leave open if not used |
| 10 | GND | G | Ground | |
| 11 | RF_IN | I | GPS Signal Input | 50Ω@1.57542GHz, DC block inside |
| 12 | GND | G | Ground | |
| 13 | GND | G | Ground | |
| 14 | GPIO14 | I | UART Baudrate Selection. | Leave open if not used |
| 15 | GPIO15 | I | UART Baudrate Selection. | Leave open if not used |
| 16 | NC | | | |
| 17 | NC | | | |
| 18 | TXD1 | I/O | UART Serial Data Output 1 | Leave open if not used |
| 19 | RXD1 | I/O | UART Serial Data Input 1 | Leave open if not used |
| 20 | TXD0 | O | UART Serial Data Output 0 | Leave open if not used |
| 21 | RXD0 | I | UART Serial Data Input 0 | Leave open if not used |
| 22 | V_BCKP | I | RTC and backup SRAM power | This pin may be connect to Battery or Power Supply(2.0~4.2V) |
| 23 | VCC | P | Module Power Supply | Operating range: 3.0V to 4.2V |
| 24 | GND | G | Ground | Leave open if not used |

Interfaces Configuration

Power Supply

Regulated power for the SKG12B is required. The input voltage Vcc should be 3.0V to 4.2V range, current is no less than 100mA. Suitable decoupling must be provided by external decoupling circuitry (10uF and 1uF). It can reduce the Noise from power supply and increase power stability.

Main power supply Vcc current varies according to the processor load and satellite acquisition. Maximum Vcc peak current is about 30 mA during acquisition.

Backup Battery Power

In case of a power failure on pin Vcc, real-time clock and backup RAM are supplied through pin V_BCKP. This enables the SKG12B GPS Receiver to recover from power failure with either a hot start or a warm start (depending on

the duration of Vcc outage). If no Backup Battery is connected, the receiver performs a cold start upon powered up. Backup Battery Power V_BCKP draws typically 7 uA current in backup state.

RESET

The SKG12B modules include a RESET pin. Driving RESET low activates a hardware reset of the system. RESET is only an input and will not reset external circuitry. At power down the reset is forced when the Vcc drops below 2.7V.

NOTE

If not used, leave RESET not connected (floating).

Antenna

The SKG12B GPS receiver is designed for supporting the active antenna or passive antenna connected with pin RF_IN. The gain of active antenna should be no more than 25dB (18~20dB Typical). The maximum noise figure should be no more than 1.5dB and output impedance is at 50 Ohm.

NOTE

With passive antenna keep the cable loss at minimum(<1dB).

Vcc_out

Antenna power output pin. When user wants to use external active antenna. The pin supply power for active antenna.

UART Ports

There are several function in SKG12B related to UATR communication, such as UART data transmission/receive and NMEA sentences input/output. In general, UART0 is as NMEA output and PMTK command input, UAR1 as RTCM input. The bit rates are selectable from 4800,9600,38400,115200 bps (see table).

| Baud rate | Pin14 | Pin15 |
|-----------|---------------|---------------|
| 9600bps | NC | NC |
| 4800bps | 10K pull-down | NC |
| 115200bps | NC | 10K pull-down |
| 38400bps | 10K pull-down | 10K pull-down |

EINT1

The default EINT1 function is Standby mode control but the function is not supported; leave signal floating (not connected).

RF_IN

The transmission line must to be control impedance from RF_IN pin to the antenna or antenna connector of your choice. (Impedance 50Ω)

PPS

A pulse per second (1 PPS) is an electrical signal that very precisely indicates the start of a second. Depending on the source, properly operating PPS signals have an accuracy ranging 10ns. The PPS signals are used for precise timekeeping and time measurement.

FIXLED

The default FIXLED function is valid fix indicator output. Without a valid fix the signal is at low state; during valid fix condition the signal outputs 50ms pulses every seconds.

Advanced Software Features

AlwaysLocate™

AlwaysLocate™ is an intelligent controller of periodic mode. Depending on the environment and motion conditions, GPS module can adaptively adjust working/standby time to achieve balance of positioning accuracy and power consumption. In this mode, the host CPU does not need to control GPS module until the host CPU needs the GPS position data. The following flow chart is an example to make GPS module go into AlwaysLocate™ mode and then back to normal operation mode.

Embedded Logger function

The Embedded Logger function don't need host CPU (MCU) and external flash to handle the operation , GPS Engine will use internal flash (embedded in GPS chipset) to log the GPS data (Data format : UTC, Latitude , longitude, Valid ,Checksum), the max log days can up to 2 days under AlwaysLocate™ condition .

AIC_Multi-tone active interference canceller

Because different application (Wi-Fi , GSM/GPRS,3G/4G,Bluetooth)are integrated into navigation system , the harmonic of RF signal will influence the GPS reception , The multi- tone active-interference canceller can reject external RF interference which come from other active components on the main board , to improve the capacity of GPS reception without any needed HW change in the design .SKG12B can cancel up to 12 independent channel interference continuous wave.

Performance Specification

| Parameter | Specification | |
|-----------------------------|---|---|
| Receiver Type | L1 frequency band, C/A code, 22 Tracking / 66 Acquisition-Channel | |
| Sensitivity | Tracking | -162dBm Typical |
| | Acquisition | -145dBm Typical |
| Accuracy | Position | 3.0m CEP50 without SA(Typical Open Sky) |
| | Velocity | 0.1m/s without SA |
| | Timing (PPS) | 10ns RMS |
| Acquisition Time | Cold Start | 23s(Typical Open Sky) |
| | Warm Start | 23s |
| | Hot Start | 1s |
| | Re-Acquisition | <1s |
| Power Consumption | Tracking | 17mA @3.3V Typical |
| | Acquisition | 20mA @3.3V |
| Navigation Data Update Rate | Max 10Hz | Default 1Hz |
| Operational Limits | Altitude | Max 18,000m |
| | Velocity | Max 515m/s |
| | Acceleration | Less than 4g |

Electrical Characteristics

Absolute Maximum Rating

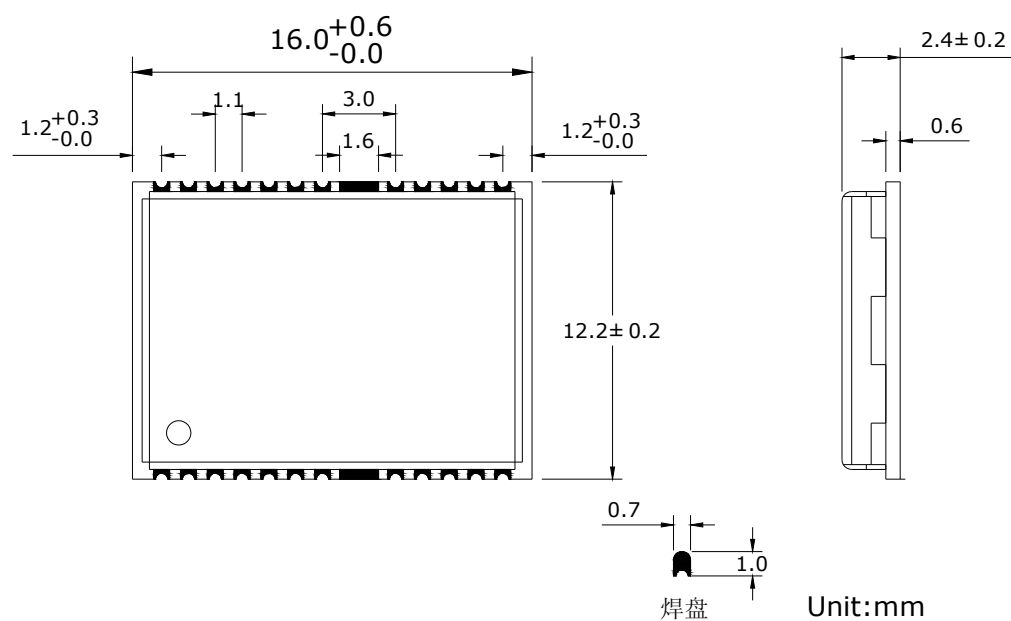
| Parameter | Symbol | Min | Max | Units |
|--|--------|------|------|-------|
| Power Supply | | | | |
| Power Supply Volt. | VCC | -0.3 | 4.3 | V |
| Input Pins | | | | |
| Input voltage on any input connection | VIO | -0.3 | 3.6 | V |
| Backup Battery | V_BCKP | -0.3 | 4.3 | V |
| RF input power | RF_IN | | 10 | dBm |
| Human Body Model ESD capability | RF_IN | | 2000 | V |
| Machine Model ESD capability | RF_IN | | 100 | V |
| Environment | | | | |
| Storage Temperature | Tstg | -40 | 125 | °C |
| Peak Reflow Soldering Temperature <10s | Tpeak | | 260 | °C |
| Humidity | | | 95 | % |

Note: Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only, and functional operation at the maxims is not guaranteed. Stress beyond the limits specified in this table may affect device reliability or cause permanent damage to the device. For functional operating conditions, refer to the operating conditions tables as follow.

The SKG12B module is Electrostatic Sensitive Device (ESD) and may be damaged with ESD or spike voltage. Although it has built-in ESD protection circuitry at digital I/O, please handle with care to avoid permanent malfunction or performance degradation. Note that RFIN has no ESD protection circuits.

Operating Conditions

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
|------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|------|-----|-----|-------|
| Power supply voltage | Vcc | | 3 | 3.3 | 4.2 | V |
| Backup Battery | V_BCKP | | 2 | 3.3 | 4.2 | V |
| Power supply voltage ripple | Vcc_PP | Vcc=3.3V | | | 30 | mV |
| Supply current, navigation | Icc | Vcc=3.3V | | 17 | 21 | mA |
| Supply current, backup state | Ibckp | Vcc=3.3V | | 7 | | uA |
| VCC_OUT Antenna bias supply | VCC_OUT | I _{ANT} = 18 mA | | 3 | | V |
| Input high voltage | V _{IH} | | 2 | | 3.6 | V |
| Input low voltage | V _{IL} | | -0.3 | | 0.8 | V |
| Output high voltage | V _{OH} | | 2.4 | | 3.1 | V |
| Output low voltage | V _{OL} | | -0.3 | | 0.4 | V |
| Operating temperature | Topr | | -40 | | 85 | °C |

Mechanical Specification**Figure 3: SKG12B Dimensions****Recommend Layout**

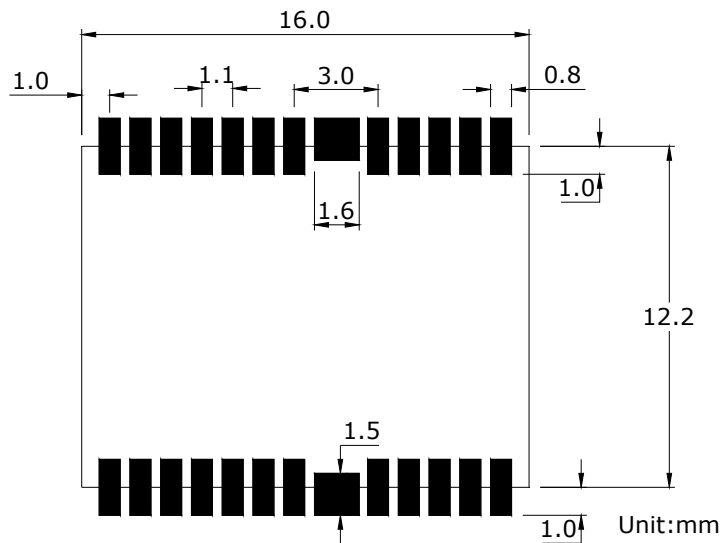


Figure 4: SKG12B Footprint

Reference design schematic

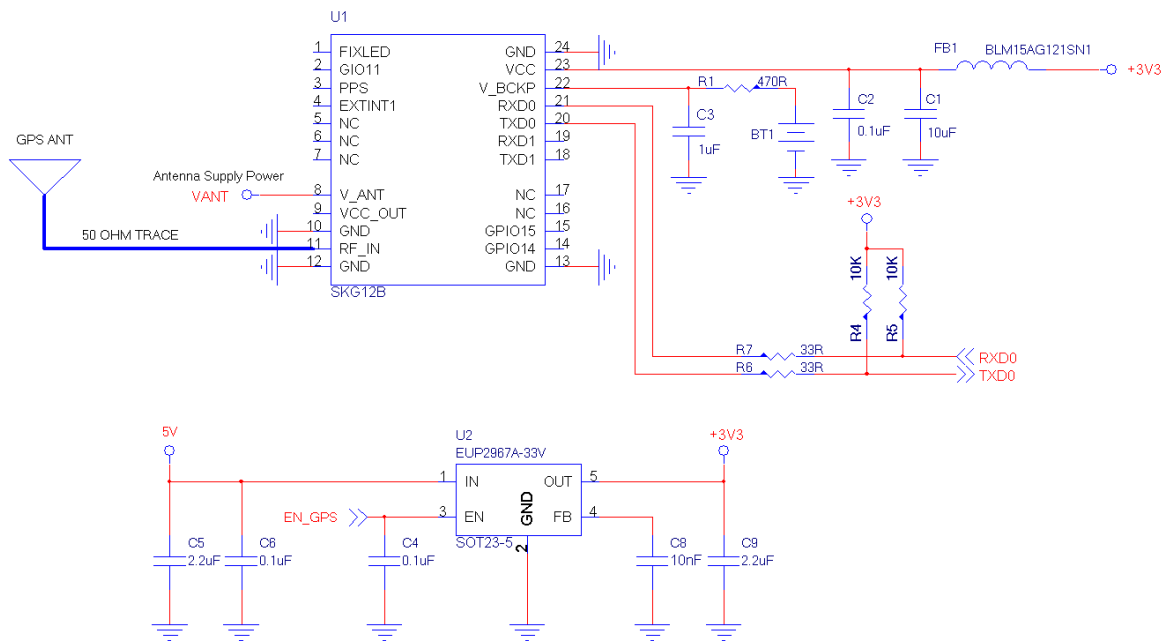


Figure 5: SKG12B Typical Reference design schematic

Packaging Specification

SKG12B modules are shipped in reel and with 1200 units per reel. Each tray is 'dry' package.

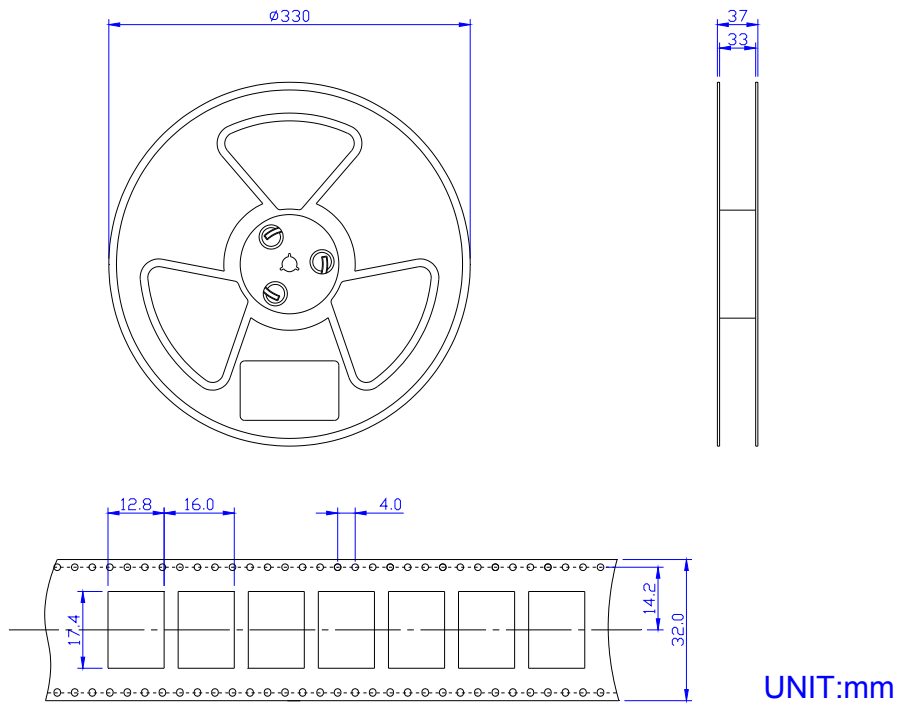


Figure 6: SKG12B Packaging

Manufacturing Process Recommendations

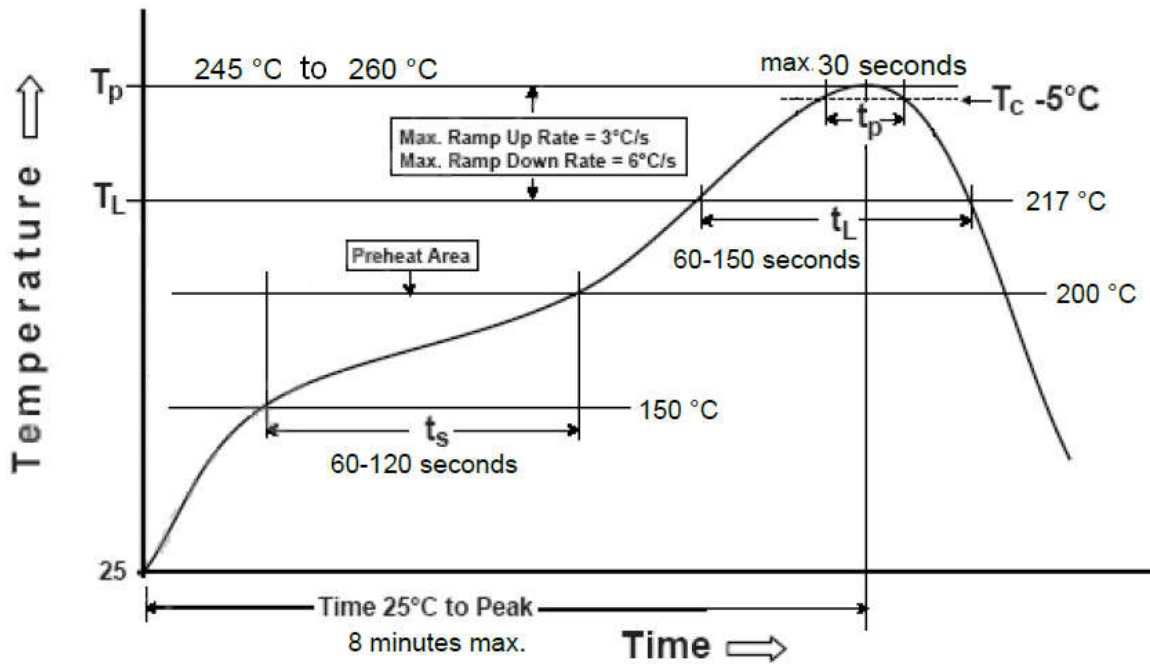


Figure 7: SKG12B Typical Leadfree Soldering Profile

Note: The final soldering temperature chosen at the factory depends on additional external factors like choice of soldering paste, size, thickness and properties of the baseboard, etc. Exceeding the maximum soldering temperature in the recommended soldering profile may permanently damage the module.

Software Protocol

NMEA 0183 Protocol

The NMEA protocol is an ASCII-based protocol, allows detection of corrupted data transfers. Records start with a \$ and with carriage return/line feed. The Skylab SKG12B supports the following GPS specific messages all start with \$GPxxx where xxx is a three-letter identifier of the message data that follows. NMEA messages have a checksum, which NMEA-0183 messages: GGA, GSA, GSV, RMC. The module default NMEA output is set up GGA, GSA, RMC, GSV, and default baud rate is set up 9600bps.

Table 1: NMEA-0183 Output Messages

| NMEA Record | Description | Default |
|-------------|--|---------|
| GGA | Global positioning system fixed data | Y |
| GSA | GNSS DOP and active satellites | Y |
| GSV | GNSS satellites in view | Y |
| RMC | Recommended minimum specific GNSS data | Y |

GGA-Global Positioning System Fixed Data

This sentence contains the position, time and quality of the navigation fix.

See RMC for Fix Status, Fix Mode, Fix Date, Speed, and True Course.

See GSA for Fix Type, PDOP, and VDOP.

\$GPGGA,021514.000,2232.1799,N,11401.1823,E,1,6,1.25,84.0,M,-2.2,M,,*74

Table 2: GGA Data Format

| Name | Example | Units | Description |
|------------------------|------------|--------|--|
| Message ID | \$GPGGA | | GGA protocol header |
| UTC Position | 021514.000 | | hhmmss.sss |
| Latitude | 2232.1799 | | ddmm.mmmm |
| N/S indicator | N | | N=north or S=south |
| Longitude | 11401.1823 | | dddmm.mmmm |
| E/W Indicator | E | | E=east or W=west |
| Position Fix Indicator | 1 | | See Table 2-1 |
| Satellites Used | 6 | | Range 0 to 12 |
| HDOP | 1.25 | | Horizontal Dilution of Precision |
| MSL Altitude | 84.0 | meters | Altitude (referenced to the Ellipsoid) |
| AltUnit | M | meters | Altitude Unit |
| GeoSep | -2.2 | meters | Geoidal Separation |

| | | | |
|---------------------|-----------|--------|---------------------------------|
| GeoSepUnit | M | meters | Geoidal Separation Unit |
| Age of Diff.Corr. | <Null> | second | Null fields when it is not Used |
| Diff.Ref.Station ID | <Null> | | Null fields when it is not Used |
| Checksum | *74 | | |
| EOL | <CR> <LF> | | End of message termination |

Table 2-1: Position Fix Indicators

| Value | Description |
|-------|---------------------------------------|
| 0 | Fix not available or invalid |
| 1 | GPS SPS Mode, fix valid |
| 2 | Differential GPS, SPS Mode, fix valid |
| 3 | GPS PPS Mode, fix valid |

GSA-GNSS DOP and Active Satellites

This sentence contains the mode of operation, type of fix, PRNs of the satellites used in the solution as well as PDOP, HDOP and VDOP.

\$GPGSA,A,3,26,05,18,15,27,29,,,,,,1.52,1.25,0.87*0F

Table 3: GSA Data Format

| Name | Example | Units | Description |
|----------------------|-----------|-------|--|
| Message | \$GPGSA | | GSA protocol header |
| Mode 1 | A | | See Table 4-2 |
| Mode 2 | 3 | | See Table 4-1 |
| ID of satellite used | 26 | | Sv on Channel 1 |
| ID of satellite used | 05 | | Sv on Channel 2 |
| ... | ... | | ... |
| ID of satellite used | <Null> | | Sv on Channel 12 (Null fields when it is not Used) |
| PDOP | 1.52 | | Position Dilution of Precision |
| HDOP | 1.25 | | Horizontal Dilution of Precision |
| VDOP | 0.87 | | Vertical Dilution of Precision |
| Checksum | *0F | | |
| EOL | <CR> <LF> | | End of message termination |

Table 3-1: Mode 1

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------------|
| 1 | Fix not available |
| 2 | 2D Fix |
| 3 | 3D Fix |

Table 3-2: Mode 2

| Value | Description |
|-------|---|
| M | Manual-forced to operate in 2D or 3D mode |
| A | Automatic-allowed to automatically switch 2D/3D |

GSV-GNSS Satellites in View

This sentence contains the PRNs, azimuth, elevation, and signal strength of all satellites in view.

\$GPGSV,3,1,12,15,79,333,42,42,50,127,,29,45,263,44,02,36,124,30*7E

\$GPGSV,3,2,12,26,36,226,34,05,35,046,22,27,33,161,29,21,16,319,*7D

\$GPGSV,3,3,12,10,15,066,31,18,14,285,45,24,12,319,15,08,09,047,18*7E

Table 4: GSV Data Format

| Name | Example | Units | Description |
|--------------------|-----------|---------|---|
| Message ID | \$GPGSV | | GSV protocol header |
| Number of Message | 3 | | Total number of GSV sentences (Range 1 to 3) |
| Message Number | 1 | | Sentence number of the total (Range 1 to 3) |
| Satellites in View | 12 | | Number of satellites in view |
| Satellite ID | 15 | | Channel 1(Range 01 to 32) |
| Elevation | 79 | degrees | Channel 1(Range 00 to 90) |
| Azimuth | 333 | degrees | Channel 1(Range 000 to 359) |
| SNR(C/NO) | 42 | dB-Hz | Channel 1(Range 00 to 99, null when not tracking) |
| ... | | | ... |
| Satellite ID | 02 | | Channel 4(Range 01 to 32) |
| Elevation | 36 | degrees | Channel 4(Range 00 to 90) |
| Azimuth | 124 | degrees | Channel 4(Range 000 to 359) |
| SNR(C/NO) | 30 | dB-Hz | Channel 4(Range 00 to 99, null when not tracking) |
| Checksum | *7E | | |
| EOL | <CR> <LF> | | End of message termination |

Depending on the number of satellites tracked multiple messages of GSV data may be required.

RMC-Recommended Minimum Specific GNSS Data

This sentence contains the recommended minimum fix information.

See GGA for Fix Quality, Sats Used, HDOP, Altitude, Geoidal Separation, and DGPS data.

See GSA for Fix Type, PDOP and VDOP.

\$GPRMC,023345.000,A,2232.1767,N,11401.1953,E,0.18,151.55,100410,,,A*6B

Table 5: RMC Data Format

| Name | Example | Units | Description |
|--------------|------------|-------|----------------------------------|
| Message ID | \$GPRMC | | RMC protocol header |
| UTS Position | 023345.000 | | hhmmss.sss |
| Status | A | | A=data valid or V=data not valid |
| Latitude | 2232.1767 | | ddmm.mmmm |

| | | | |
|------------------------------|------------|---------|--|
| N/S Indicator | N | | N=north or S=south |
| Longitude | 11401.1953 | | dddmm.mmmm |
| E/W Indicator | E | | E=east or W=west |
| Speed Over Ground | 0.18 | Knots | |
| Course Over Ground | 151.55 | Degrees | True Course |
| Date(UTC) | 100410 | | ddmmyy |
| Magnetic variation | <Null> | Degrees | Null fields when it is not Used |
| Magnetic Variation Direction | <Null> | | E=east or W=west (Null fields when it is not Used) |
| Fix Mode | A | | A=autonomous, N = No fix, D=DGPS, E=DR |
| Checksum | *6B | | |
| EOL | <CR> <LF> | | End of message termination |

NMEA CMD List

| NMEA CMD TYPE | NMEA CMD Example: |
|-------------------|----------------------------|
| Hot Restart | \$PMTK101*32<CR><LF> |
| Warm Restart | \$PMTK102*31<CR><LF> |
| Cold Restart | \$PMTK103*30<CR><LF> |
| Full Cold Restart | \$PMTK104*37<CR><LF> |
| port baudrate | \$PMTK251,38400*27<CR><LF> |

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